



# Redesdale Primary School

## SEND Policy

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## **Redesdale Primary School Special Educational Needs and Disability (SEND) Policy**

Redesdale Primary School is committed to providing educational opportunities for all pupils. Our School promotes high standards and all pupils, regardless of their particular needs, are offered inclusive teaching, which enables them to make the best possible progress and develop as valued members of our school community.

We acknowledge that any child may, at some time have a special educational need, which may require additional support and specific intervention. We recognise that early identification, assessment and provision are required in order to optimise a child's development. We offer a range of provision to support children with Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND) in the areas of; communication and interaction, cognition and learning difficulties, social, emotional and mental health difficulties or sensory and/or physical needs. We have high expectations of all children and staff and we believe that it is the entitlement of all children to have the opportunity to achieve their full potential.

**SENDCO's:** Mrs S Thomson (EYFS & KS1 SENDCO)  
Mrs M Ankers (KS2 SENDCO)

Completed the National Award for Special Educational Needs Co-ordination (NASENCo) at Sunderland University.  
Contact: 0191 814 9435

**SEND Governor Name: Mrs J. Atkins**

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## **SEND Policy**

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# **REDESDALE PRIMARY SCHOOL**

## **SEND Policy**

### **Introduction**

Redesdale Primary School aims to provide the highest quality inclusive education possible in order to encourage each individual to realise their potential. The provision for children with SEND is a whole school responsibility and we expect every member of staff to accept and embrace this responsibility. Class Teachers are responsible for the teaching, learning and progress of all children in their class, including those with SEND who may also be supported by specialist staff.

We recognise the need to work in partnership with parents and value the contribution parents make to their child's education. Children also contribute their views on the provision provided. We recognise the individuality of each child and strive to help them to achieve their full potential. Every child is valued regardless of race, culture or religious beliefs and whatever their abilities or needs. All children have the ability to learn and progress and we work to provide an environment where every child's potential is nurtured and their achievements celebrated.

Our aims are:

- To follow the guidance as set out in the Special Education Needs and Disability (SEND) Code of Practice January 2015.
- To ensure the early identification of children with SEND.
- To assess, monitor and record children's progress in order to track individuals in the learning process.
- To provide clear, specific and targeted intervention to support individual needs.
- To liaise and work with other professionals from external agencies who support individual children.
- To involve children and parents in the planning and review process of intervention and support plans.
- To encourage the all round holistic development of each child: physical, spiritually, intellectually, emotionally and socially.
- To promote an enjoyment of learning.
- To encourage each child to become a self-disciplined, responsible citizen.
- To encourage self-confidence, friendliness, punctuality, honesty, loyalty and self-respect.
- To create a happy, stimulating environment.

### **Compliance**

This policy complies with the statutory requirement laid out in the SEND Code of Practice 0-25 (January 2015) and has been written with reference to the following guidance and documents:

- Equality Act 2010: advice for schools DfE May 2014
- SEND Code of Practice 0-25 (January 2015)
- Schools SEN Information Report Regulations (2014)
- Statutory Guidance on Supporting Pupils at School with Medical Conditions (September 2014 updated December 2015 and August 2017)
- Safeguarding & Child Protection Policy
- Teachers Standards 2012

## **Definition of 'SEND'**

The Special Education and Disability Code of Practice: 0-25 years (2015) states:

*'Xiii A child or young person has SEN if they have a learning difficulty or disability which calls for special educational provision to be made for him or her.'*

*'Xiv A child of compulsory school age or a young person has a learning difficulty or disability if he or she:*

- has a significantly greater difficulty in learning than the majority of others of the same age, or*
- has a disability which prevents or hinders him or her from making use of facilities of a kind generally provided for others of the same age in mainstream schools or mainstream post-16 institutions.'*

The definition of disability in the Equality Act (2010) states children with *'...a physical or mental impairment which has a long-term (more than 12 months) and substantial adverse effect on their ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities'*. This includes children with sensory impairments as well as long-term health conditions such as asthma, diabetes, epilepsy and cancer.

It also states that schools must make reasonable adjustments, including the provision of auxiliary aids and services, to ensure that disabled children and young people are not at a substantial disadvantage compared with their peers.

## **Broad Areas of Need. (see Appendix 1)**

There are four broad areas of need:

- Communication and Interaction
- Cognition and Learning
- Social, Emotional and Mental Health
- Sensory and/or Physical Needs

When children are assessed and identified with SEND, we ensure that their needs are met and additional support is given where required, either within school or in collaboration with specialist external agencies. Children with SEND are taught and managed sensitively with a view to promoting their inclusion in all school activities as far as this can be reasonably arranged as well as promoting independence.

All children have access to a challenging curriculum, which is broad, balanced, relevant and differentiated. When additional specialist advice and support, beyond what is offered in school, is necessary, we contact the appropriate external agencies and work closely with them to promote the child's well being and development. Our SEND Information Report provides further information about the agencies we work with. Details of the school SEND Information Report are available on the school website; [www.redesdale.co.uk](http://www.redesdale.co.uk)

## **Identification of 'SEND'**

A key principle under the Code of Practice is that there should be no delay in making any necessary SEND provision in early years as delay at this stage can give rise to learning difficulty and subsequently to loss of self-esteem, frustration in learning and to behaviour difficulties. The Code states that:

*“Early action to address identified needs is critical to the future progress and improved outcomes that are essential in helping the child to prepare for adult life”.*

Some children arrive at our school with identified SEND, in which case the SENDCO's will liaise with the previous school, nursery or setting to ensure there is a smooth transition and continuity of provision. If, during a child's time at our school, teachers have concerns about progress or attainment, parents will be contacted to discuss these concerns so they can share their views. There is a period of monitoring and review, including an analysis of the child's progress compared with peers, national data and expectations of progress. Following this, and in consultation with all relevant staff at school, the child (if appropriate) and the child's parents, a child may be identified as having SEND and appropriate provision will be made.

If parents have any concerns about their child they should contact their Class Teacher in the first instance. Alternatively, they may make an appointment to see the SENDCO.

Many children may be subject to this period of monitoring and review for a short time, receiving time-limited and targeted interventions until they have progressed sufficiently to work at age-related expectations.

### **SEND Support**

Where a child is identified as having SEND we work in partnership with parents to establish the support the child needs. Once a child's needs have been discussed by relevant parties they are recorded and decisions are made about the desired outcomes, including the expected progress and attainment for that child. The views and wishes of the child and their parents are central to these discussions.

A School Support plan is written. This is aimed at removing barriers to learning and putting effective special provision in place that is implemented and reviewed at least termly. Parents are invited to discuss this plan, their child's progress and the support and targets. Class Teachers and the SENDCO are available for further discussion by appointment through the School Office.

We adopt a graduated approach with four stages of action: assess, plan, do and review this means:

**Assess** - in identifying a child as needing SEND support, the Class Teacher, working with the SENDCO, the child (if appropriate), and the child's parents, carries out an analysis of the child's needs. This assessment draws on the teacher's assessment and experience of the child, their previous progress and attainment, as well as any other available information; (rate of progress, attainment, and behaviour etc.). This assessment should be reviewed regularly. In some cases, outside professionals from health or social services may already be involved with the child. With the agreement of the parents, these professionals should liaise with the school to help inform the assessments as part of a multi-agency approach.

**Plan** - Where it is decided to provide additional SEND support, and having formally notified the parents, the Class Teacher and the SENDCO agree, in consultation with the parent, the desired outcomes. Interventions and/or support are put in place, the expected impact on progress, development or behaviour, and a clear date for review are recorded. All teachers and support staff who work with the child are made aware of their needs, the outcomes sought, the support provided and any teaching strategies or approaches that are required. This should also be recorded on the school's information system.

**Do** – The Class Teacher remains responsible for working with the child on a daily basis. With support from the SENDCO, they oversee the implementation of the interventions or programmes agreed as part of additional SEND support. Where the interventions involve group or one-to-one teaching away from the main class teacher, they should still retain responsibility for the child. The SENDCO should support the Class Teacher in assessing the impact of the action taken, in problem solving and advising on the effective implementation of support.

**Review** - The effectiveness, impact and quality of the support or interventions is reviewed, in line with the agreed date, by the Class Teacher and SENDCO, taking into account the child's parents and the child's views. This should feed back into the analysis of the child's needs. They revise the support in light of the child's progress and development, deciding any changes to the support and outcomes. Parents should have clear information about the impact of the support and interventions provided, enabling them to be involved in planning next steps.

This cycle of action is revisited with all relevant parties. Intended outcomes are shared and reviewed with the child (if appropriate) and parents as well as the school.

## **Redesdale Primary School's Graduated Approach to SEND**

### **Level 1:**

Quality First Teaching (QFT)

Children receive inclusive quality first teaching (QFT) which may include the provision of differentiated class work. Some children at this level may be on a monitoring list, their progress being carefully tracked and reviewed.

### **Level 2:**

Additional School Intervention.

Continued or increased concern may lead to children receiving additional, time-limited and targeted interventions to accelerate their progress to age-related expectations. The Class Teacher will create a support plan using SMART (Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Realistic, Time bound) targets and outline specific interventions. Support plans are shared with the child and parents/carers. Interventions may involve group or one-to-one teaching. The SENDCO and Class Teachers will work closely with highly trained support staff to plan and assess the impact of the support and targeted interventions and to link them to classroom teaching. At this stage assessment and advice from other agencies may be sought.

### **Level 3:**

High Need.

Where a child continues to make less than expected progress, despite interventions, they receive highly personalised interventions to accelerate their progress and enable them to achieve their potential. When appropriate, specialist outside agencies support this. The SENDCO and Class Teachers work with specialists to select effective teaching approaches, appropriate equipment, strategies and interventions in order to support the child's progress. If required, support staff will be provided with relevant training from specialist outside agencies to ensure that the individual needs of the child are being supported. If support is not impacting on the child's progress and this is still of significant concern, the school, after consultation with parents and other professionals, will request an

Education, Health and Care Needs Assessment from the Local Authority. Parents can also request an EHC Needs Assessment.

### **Home School Partnership:**

At Redesdale Primary School we recognise that parents know their children best. Parents are always welcome to discuss their child and their views are respected and concerns are taken into consideration at all stages of the SEND procedure.

All parents and/or carers are invited to meet with their child's Class Teacher termly to discuss their child's progress as well as receiving a Spring Interim Report and End of Year Summer Report.

### **Children's Views:**

Children's views matter to us. All children are aware of their termly targets and are encouraged to self-review against them. As part of the review process, SEND children, are also asked about their views on their strengths, the areas in which they feel they would like to develop and the support they would like to receive.

For their annual review children with EHCPs are asked more formally about their views, their learning, their targets and the support and interventions they are given by a member of the SEND Team.

In order to ensure the most effective 'SEND' provision, the SENDCO has the following procedures in place:

- Regular meetings with the Headteacher and Deputy Headteacher.
- Regular meetings with the Governor responsible for SEND.
- Regular meetings with all Class Teachers to discuss children on the SEND register and their provision, as well as further meetings and discussions as required.
- Pupil progress meetings.
- Regular meetings with the Learning Support Assistants and Teaching Assistants.

### **Staff Development:**

The school is committed to providing INSET and staff development and SEND is a regular part of this. We monitor, review and develop all teachers and support staff understanding of strategies to identify and support children with SEND.

### **Conclusion:**

Our intention is to provide the opportunity for all children, including those with SEND, to progress towards achieving their full potential. The partnership between home and school is highly valued and children's views are listened to.

### **Related policies**

This policy should be read in conjunction with other school policies but not limited to:

- Admissions Policy
- Positive Relationships Policy & Procedures
- Pupil SEMH Policy
- Health and Safety Policy
- Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy
- Administration of Medicines Policy
- Managing Medicines in Schools Policy
- Complaints Policy

### **Appendix 1 - Broad Areas of Need - From Code of Practice (0-25) 2015**



## **Communication and interaction**

6.28 Children and young people with speech, language and communication needs (SLCN) have difficulty in communicating with others. This may be because they have difficulty saying what they want to, understanding what is being said to them or they do not understand or use social rules of communication. The profile for every child with SLCN is different and their needs may change over time. They may have difficulty with one, some or all of the different aspects of speech, language or social communication at different times of their lives.

6.29 Children and young people with ASD, including Asperger's Syndrome and Autism, are likely to have particular difficulties with social interaction. They may also experience difficulties with language, communication and imagination, which can impact on how they relate to others.

## **Cognition and Learning**

6.30 Support for learning difficulties may be required when children and young people learn at a slower pace than their peers, even with appropriate differentiation. Learning difficulties cover a wide range of needs, including moderate learning difficulties (MLD), severe learning difficulties (SLD), where children are likely to need support in all areas of the curriculum and associated difficulties with mobility and communication, through to profound and multiple learning difficulties (PMLD), where children are likely to have severe and complex learning difficulties as well as a physical disability or sensory impairment.

6.31 Specific learning difficulties (SpLD), affect one or more specific aspects of learning. This encompasses a range of conditions such as dyslexia, dyscalculia and dyspraxia.

## **Social, Emotional and Mental Health Difficulties**

6.32 Children and young people may experience a wide range of social and emotional difficulties, which manifest themselves in many ways. These may include becoming withdrawn or isolated, as well as displaying challenging, disruptive or disturbing behaviour. These behaviours may reflect underlying mental health difficulties such as anxiety or depression, self-harming, substance misuse, eating disorders or physical symptoms that are medically unexplained. Other children and young people may have disorders such as attention deficit disorder, attention deficit hyperactive disorder or attachment disorder.

6.33 Schools and colleges should have clear processes to support children and young people, including how they will manage the effect of any disruptive behaviour so it does not adversely affect other pupils.

## **Sensory and/or physical needs**

6.34 Some children and young people require special educational provision because they have a disability, which prevents or hinders them from making use of the educational facilities generally provided. These difficulties can be age related and may fluctuate over time. Many children and young people with vision impairment (VI), hearing impairment (HI) or a multi-sensory impairment (MSI) will require specialist support and/or equipment to access their learning, or habilitation support.

6.35 Some children and young people with a physical disability (PD) require additional ongoing support and equipment to access all the opportunities available to their peers.